

MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. VIII.—NO. 15.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1896.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

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Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

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Now is the time to put Rubber weather strips around your windows and doors.

Terms Spot Cash
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Wholesale Dealer and Importer of

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

Having just received the last direct importation for the season, my stock is now complete in both imported and domestic goods, consisting of the choicest brands of Irish, Scotch and Rye Whiskies, Brandy, London Old Tom and Holland Gine, Rums, Port, Sherries, Champagnes, Claret, Sauternes, Burgundies, Ginger and Native Wines, Liqueurs and Bitters, Food, Ale and Guinness' Stout, Cigars, Cigarettes, Etc. Terms Spot Cash. Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Business hours from 8 to 10 o'clock.

YOU'LL FIND IT IN WAGBORN'S GUIDE

Aberdeen House

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

I wish to inform the people of Moose Jaw and the general public that I have assumed control of the Aberdeen House and in future it will be run under my management. The building has been thoroughly renovated and kalsomined throughout and furnished in first class style. No pains will be spared to make the Aberdeen the best boardinghouse in town.

D. D. MacLEOD.

NEW BUTCHER SHOP

I take this opportunity of informing the people of Moose Jaw and district, that I have opened up a new butcher shop in the premises lately occupied by Mr. D. McMillan, and will constantly have on hand a large stock of all kinds of fresh and cured meats, which will be sold at the lowest possible prices. Fish and game in season. Hoping you will favor me with a call and a share of your patronage, I am

Yours truly,
J. H. SMITH.
Sept. 1st, '96.

Preserve Me!

That was what our Plums said to the cook when she open the basket. Our first carload arrived last week and are all gone, but we have secured another lot which will be sold at equally low prices for cash only. We have also on hand a fresh stock of crab apples, peaches, pears, grapes, and all kinds of preserving fruit.

.....**Thos. Healey.**

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Teacher of Piano, Organ or Guitar.

Pupil of Prof. Veitner and Zeigler, of New York; also of Carl Stamping, of Cologne, Germany; desires to inform the citizens of Moose Jaw and surrounding country, that she is prepared to teach the piano, organ or guitar. Rudiments of music theoretically taught in all its branches.

Terms: \$6.00 per quarter of 20 half-hour lessons, two per week, on piano or organ. \$8.00 per quarter of half-hour lessons, once per week, on guitar. The one-half to be paid on completion of one-half quarter. For further particulars apply to

Mrs. M. L. Shaw.

WAGBORN'S GUIDE AND BUSINESS 50c

SOME-THING

NEW

In order to keep pace with the times, we must always be adding some new lines to our already large and varied stock of Dry Goods. This week we have just placed in stock some very new and

Up-to-Date-Goods

In a full line of stamped linen goods such as

DOYLES AND CENTRE PIECES

In six, nine, twelve and twenty-four inch, stamped, and patterns to match, making a full set of centre pieces; also stamped Denim pillow covers, linen bags, slipper bags, brush and comb bags in white duck; also a full line Corticellesilks, all shades and kinds for above working.

Ladies' Capes

Sablette capes, fur trimmed, worth \$22.00 for \$18.00.

Russian Beaver, worth \$23.00 for \$18.00.

Black Coney worth \$15.00 for \$12.50.

Fur lined circulars at just half price.

These are goods which were bought at a reduction in price to clear them out.

Ladies' Jackets and Ulsters.

C-A-R-P-E-T-S

All wool, three ply, beautiful designs.

See our wool squares, fringed, all sizes, 75c square yard. Also rugs, 27 in. by 54 in., only \$12.75.

Matts, tapestry and mouquette—very new designs.

Oil cloth squares for the stove, all sizes at 60c sq. yd. Get one before they are all gone.

Special—Five shades of Chinelle curtains, 3 1/2 yards long, at \$3.00 per pair.

Call and inspect these goods and judge if they are not good values at a T. W.

Robinson's

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

MR. ROSS ON THE ASSEMBLY'S FINANCIAL POSITION.

Territorial Demands—The Ottawa Government Will Be Asked to Extend Fuller Provincial Powers to the Territories—A Revision of the Subsidy Basis Wanted.

THURSDAY, Oct. 8th.

The North West Assembly continued its usual sittings to day, Mr. Spewer being in the chair. Petitions were presented in favor of legislation for the destruction and extermination of noxious weeds.

Mr. J. H. Ross, Moose Jaw, moved that a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Insinger, Brett, Magrath, Lima, Knowling, Lincham, Clinkskill, Bulyes, Brown, Meyers, Neff, Haultain and the mover, be appointed for the purpose of drafting a memorial to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council setting forth the financial and constitutional position of the Assembly, the amendments which should be made to the North West Territories Act to secure fuller powers, and the basis upon which the subsidy should be determined. Mr. Ross said that in the first place he would refer to the position of the Assembly in regard to memorials to the parliament of Canada. There was nothing in the Assembly memorializing the parliament at Ottawa.

In 1888 the then North-West Council saw fit not only to memorialize the Government but to send a delegation to Ottawa for the purpose of impressing upon the Government the position of the Council. He (Mr. Ross) was a member of the delegation, and the Government gave them to understand that it would be able to deal with the question, though on a somewhat different basis to that of the provinces. The government of the Territories had always been a purely bureaucratic government, and it was decided to extend its powers. That had been done. Additional powers had been given to the Assembly, but the machinery given had proved largely inoperative, or at any rate it did not work well. He believed that a great deal was due to the Executive for the way in which they had been able to work under so restrictive a law, and he could say that with confidence, because he referred to a time before he had the honor of being on the Executive. Before 1887, memorials from the Assembly were the only way the people of the Territories could speak to the parliament of Canada. After that date, however, the Territories had four members in the Dominion Parliament, and through them the wants of the N.W.T. were made known to the Government and to Parliament. It, therefore, became questionable as to what subjects the Assembly could memorialize the Government. There was no doubt, however, that the particular subject of this resolution was one on which they had a right to petition, and was also one which it had become a necessity to deal with by memorial. (Hear, hear.) It was a question that affected the House itself, and there was nothing new in the House memorializing on such a matter. The House had done so in 1889 on the very same subjects as those in the present resolution. The most important clause in that memorial asked for full representative powers, with the exception of power to raise money on the public credit. In 1892 the Assembly again memorialized and other petitions and advances to the Department of the Interior, in 1893, 1894, 1895 showed that the Assembly had not deviated one iota from the views expressed in the memorials. Having shown that the Assembly had always exercised the right to petition he would now show what was the position at the present time and what should be the text of the proposed memorial. In the first place the Assembly required an extension of its powers. They desired the same powers of the province with the exception of the power to pledge the public credit; and he would mention in the first place that this would give them a status in dealing with the higher power at Ottawa, because they would go there with the request of an elective Executive. The Executive, too, would have the power of calling the House together and of advising the dissolution of the House. It would also select those who would have the conduct of elections. They had not, perhaps, yet felt the need of this, because they had so far had Lieutenant-Governors who had acceded to their wishes, but the time might come when they had an arbitrary

Lieutenant-Governor, and things might not work so smoothly. Then, again, the Executive ought to have the appointment of magistrates and coroners. More than this, they ought to have the power to legislate, as the provinces had, subject, of course, to the veto at Ottawa, but not to deterrent legislation there. There had been actual inconvenience in this respect. A few years ago glanders broke out in the Territories and the Assembly passed some legislation affecting infectious diseases of animals, which he believed would have been effective legislation, but it was found they had exceeded their jurisdiction and the legislation could not be passed. Well, what they wanted was that in their legislation whether affecting civil rights or property, or anything else, there should not be a clashing jurisdiction. Another point was that at present the land was certainly under the control of the Dominion government. The time had come when the Territories should have complete control in regard to this subject. In the estimates there was the sum of \$18,000 for the cost of the register offices in the N.W.T., but there did not seem to be any credits; and he felt sure that the Assembly could deal with the matter without financial loss, as the income of the offices would be sufficient to cover the expenditure. Again he considered they ought to have legislation from Ottawa on the same lines as Manitoba had had. Take road allowances for instance. To-day they had to go through a very circuitous route in regard to new roads. The question had become a burning one in Manitoba, but it was settled by giving the province power to deal with it, and the time had come when the North West should have the same power in this subject. (Hear, hear.) He had asked that the motion should remain on the motion paper for several days, because he wished that the proposed committee should be seized of the opinion of the House. Unless they were a unit on this question they could not expect to effect anything at Ottawa. If they went there with differences of opinion the Dominion Government would soon say they would postpone the subject for a few years until they were all agreed here. He would now speak on the subject of finance. It was very easy for the N.W.T. to make out now, as they had done in the past, a very strong case in their favor, that is of being treated as the provinces, with the exception that it was not proposed to pledge the public credit, to subsidize railways and that sort of thing. What was asked was that their needs, and the services that accrued from year to year, should be properly provided for. As Premier Haultain had often pointed out, the Territories had not created the position. It was the creation of the Dominion Parliament. The Territorial Government had been treated as a branch of the Department of the Interior, and such being the case it was for the Dominion Parliament to supply money for services and the institutions it had created. In 1891 the population of the Territories was 66,799 by census, and the grant was \$211,200. In 1894 the population had increased according to census to 86,000, and now by estimate according to the ratio of increase to 113,000. The grant, however, was \$243,060 only, so that while the white population had increased 70 per cent the grant had been increased by only fifteen per cent. Well, then, what ought to be their subsidy? If they were placed in the position of the provinces they would be entitled to a per capita grant on a population estimated each five years. This would give them a population of 141,000, and at the per capita grant of eighty cents would amount to \$112,800. On their actual population of 113,000 they would be entitled to a debt allowance, or capital account, of five per cent, of \$32,433 a head. That was the figure for Manitoba, and it would give them \$183,229. Then there was an allowance for the cost of government, which varied in the different provinces from \$30,000 to \$80,000. In Manitoba it was \$50,000, and the area of the Territories was so much larger than that of Manitoba, he thought they would not be asking too much if they asked for the same amount, viz. \$50,000. That was a total of \$346,029, on these heads alone. There was one other source of revenue which they could expect so increase. That was the land. The province of Manitoba in its eagerness to get a snap had made a bargain with the Government as regards its lands that it had regretted ever since. It had been recognized by the Dominion government that the province was entitled to compensation for the lands retained. He did not think it possible to say what amount the N.W.T. should receive in lieu of lands. It

might, of course, be argued, and was argued, that as there was no revenue from the lands, therefore, nothing should be given for them. But why was there no revenue from the lands? Simply because the Government had given away their lands to the C.P.R. and other corporations. The Government might answer that they had constructed the C.P.R., but they had done that for Canada, not for the North-West particularly. The C.P.R. had received twenty five millions in dollars and twenty five millions in acres, worth a dollar an acre. The interest on the dollars was \$750,000 a year, and the portion paid by the N.W.T. was \$16,950, so they were in this position, they not only paid their portion of the \$750,000, but they had their lands taken away from them as well; and they had their lands taken away even to subsidize railways in Manitoba. Mr. Ross then pointed out that the number of schools had increased from 245 in 1891 to 395 in 1895, and were still increasing; that all the other services were growing at the same rate; and that unless the subsidy were increased the government would come to a standstill. He concluded with an eloquent appeal to the Assembly not to be influenced by which party was in power at Ottawa, but first, last and always to stand by the Assembly to which they had been sent to look after the interests of the North-West Territories locally; and he believed that when their position was placed before the Parliament at Ottawa the justice and reason of their demands would be recognized and acknowledged. (Cheers.) Premier Haultain formally seconded the motion, which was carried unanimously.

NOTE.

On Monday Mr. Sutherland asked what steps had been taken in accordance with the resolution of last session offering a bonus to anyone for a suitable prairie fire extinguisher. Mr. Ross replied that the Executive Committee had offered a premium of \$500 at the late Territorial Fair for such a machine, but the judges reported that none of the machines fulfilled the required conditions. The Committee also recommended experiments with the Caniff machine, and had voted \$150 towards the manufacture of one. The machine had been made, but as yet the results had not given entire satisfaction.

On Tuesday, Oct. 6th, Mr. Insinger asked if it was the intention of the Lieut. Governor to collect the amount of taxes from Statute Labor districts that had remained unpaid for not less than two years. The Premier replied that amendments would be introduced which would deal with the question, and it was not the intention of the Executive to take any action until they had the opinion of the House regarding these amendments.

In committee on the School Ordinance a division took place on Mr. Clinkskill's motion to alter the minimum school age from five to six years. The motion was lost and the minimum age of five years will be adhered to.

Newberry.

The farmers and ranchers of this district had a very unpleasant surprise a week ago last Saturday. The smoke was very thick and no one knew where the fire was. At noon it came dashing over the prairie at the rate of twenty miles an hour, and everyone was put at their wits end to know what to do first; but with presence of mind, hard fighting, and having their places well fire-guarded, they managed to save nearly everything but the hay which had not yet been drawn home. In some places the fire jumped the guards but was kept from burning buildings and stacks by inside guards. Among those who suffered loss by the fire were: John Urton, who had about fifty tons of hay burnt at the Keny-Urton ranch; Albert Grayson, about fifty tons; the Newberry Bros., about fifty tons; S. Bell, nearly twenty tons; J. McInnis, twenty five tons; and Ernest Lowe lost about twenty five stooks of grain.

Everyone managed to save plenty of pasture for their stock until the grass grows in the spring, excepting Mr. Rambridge, who had all the pasture burnt at Rosedale Ranch and will have to keep his stock on the old range until he begins feeding.

Threshing will soon be the order of the day as nearly all the grain is in stack.

THE KID.

Paul Wilson, a sporting girl of Winnipeg, committed suicide on Tuesday, by swallowing poison. She was tired of the life she was leading and became despondent.

THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street.

Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.50 per year.

Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 50c; subsequent insertions 25c each.

All transient advertisements, such as By-laws, Mortgage and Sheriff Sales, Assignments and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 12c per line; subsequent insertions 5c—solid unparallel measurement.

JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ—
Would it were worthier!" —Byron.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1896.

THE PRAIRIE FIRE PROBLEM.

Despite all the efforts that have been made on the part of the Assembly, the Mounted Police force, and the settlers generally, the country is again being devastated by this annual scourge—the prairie fire—and the Moose Jaw district has not escaped, although fairly well guarded. This fall the fires are more terrible than they have been for a number of years, and owing to the luxuriant growth of the native grass, the fire-guards seem to afford but little protection when a high wind is blowing, as it has been known to carry the fire upwards to a hundred feet.

Many steps have been taken in the past to overcome this momentous evil, and while it is generally admitted that so long as we have prairie grass, fires are bound to occur; still some measures can surely be taken to prevent half the country from being laid in waste each fall, as has been the case up to the present time.

The C.P.R. have fire-guarded the main line from Swift Current to Regina, and great care is also taken on the Prince Albert and Soo branch lines; still fire doubtless yet originate from the locomotives. Many fires are started by sheer carelessness. As an example of how easily a fire may be started in a dry fall, it might be told that recently a gentleman passing along a street in Regina, lighted a cigar and threw the match away. A lady was a few hundred feet distant from the gentleman. By the time the lady reached the spot where the match was thrown, a fire several feet wide was burning on the sod. Had that occurred on the prairie and extensive fire would have resulted. It has also been claimed by some that at least fifty per cent. of the fires in well-settled districts like this is due directly to defective threshing engines, and the gross carelessness of their owners or the engineers. A case of this kind is reported from the Kenia plains, and it is also thought that the fire which started north of town last Saturday, and which swept the country clear to Buffalo Lake, was caused in this way.

In discussing ways to deal with this most important question, every man seems to have a theory of his own, some practical and others very much the reverse. In our last issue we suggested the blocking off the country by sections: thus good roads would be formed and at the same time the solution of the prairie fire scourge would be greatly enhanced. It must be patent to everybody, that no matter what measures are taken prairie fires will start,—they have been known to be even started by the lightning;—but if we had the settled districts divided up by this block system, they could then be confined to a limited area. Take for instance last Saturday's fire. No one will deny that had there been a few cross roads it would have been an easy matter to extinguish it. But as it was it had a clear course to the Lake, and to the Lake it went, despite all the efforts put forth by the townspeople to the contrary, leaving behind it destruction and barrenness. As was said before, and as Mr. Ross says, we believe in helping those who help themselves. The Statute Labor Ordinance provides for

this protection and were the settlers to put it into practical form, they could then demand that the Dominion Government, the Canadian Pacific Railway company, and other speculators, protect them from any outside danger.

It has been suggested, in order to minimize the starting of fires by threshing engines, that the following restrictions be imposed. The idea is an excellent one and the sooner it is put in force the better. They are:

1. That a large sheet iron pan be used under all engines as a receptacle for cinders and ashes, the contents to be thoroughly extinguished before emptying.
2. That the longest obtainable and workable driving belt be used.
3. That the practice of "bucking" straw for fuel from the tail end of the separator to the engine be prohibited.
4. That a barrel of water and two buckets be provided and placed convenient to stacks, while being threshed.
5. That the spark arrester in every engine be kept in good repair and not opened to "give her draft."
6. That engineers be more familiar with their business than just sufficient to blow the whistle.
7. That traction engines be abolished altogether, owing the careless and destructive manner they scatter fire while moving from one place to another.

AID TO CREAMERIES.

The scheme of Prof. Robertson, in reference to the promotion of the dairy industry in the North-West, has been adopted by the Department of Agriculture, and a sum of \$15,000 has been provided for the establishment and maintenance of butter factories throughout the Territories. Besides this a further sum of \$35,000 has been provided to advance for milk and cream and for making the butter, which will be recouped by the sale of such butter.

The plan is the one which Mr. Robertson proposed to the government last year, and which was to have been taken up at the last session of the late parliament. It is proposed that when any community of any thirty farmers, who are located in a section of the country fitted for dairying, shall form a company, subscribe \$500 cash, and guarantee the milk or cream from 400 cows, the government shall loan \$2,000 to that company, which with the \$500 will build and equip a first-class creamery. The management of the factories will be under the supervision of the Department, and shall be conducted on the same principle as the Moose Jaw creamery station; but in addition to the charge of four cents a pound,—which is the actual cost of manufacturing,—the government will retain a charge of one cent per pound to form a sinking fund for the repayment of the loan. In this way four years would suffice to make the creamery the exclusive property of the company. From time to time, as the fund from the one cent per pound deduction accumulates stock in the company can be issued to patrons in proportion to their patronage. Creameries already established by private or community enterprise, may come under the operation of this system if they so desire. For the latter provision we have to thank Mr. Oliver, who took care to see that the interests of those who had already risked their means in the endeavor to develop an industry of general concern, should not receive less generous treatment than others who had awaited government intervention.

The operation of such a plan will embrace manifold advantages. In the first place it will ensure permanency. The company will be guaranteed to be durable from the first, and patrons will not be deterred from equipping themselves with cows and separators, by fear that the creamery might fail. In the second place it will ensure the establishment of properly equipped factories, and the management of the same by competent butter makers; whereas, owing to the limited capital and a desire to economize, both these desirable features are lacking in some of the factories already established by private enterprise. As a result there will be a production of a uniform and first-class article at the lowest possible cost, and the best article always commands the best market. Then the placing of considerable quantities of the best butter upon the markets of the old world would be a good advertisement for the North West—a tangible, practical, matter-of-fact advertisement—one calculated to bring better immigration results than the distribution or delivery of yards of theoretical essays and an address about the superiority of soil and climate. A bushel of our genuine No. 1 hard, a

WAGNOR'S GUIDE AT DOUGLAS, S.D.

R. BOGUE

GENERAL MERCHANT

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF STOVES.

Car of winter apples to arrive in season.

A full line of Laurance's and Lazare's Spectacles.

.. R. BOGUE.

prime North-West steer, and a package of superfine creamery butter, are the best kind of immigration lectures we can place before the masses of the old country.

"BRING UP THE CHILD."

The "deadly cigarette" is at present attracting considerable attention in the North-West Territories, and a petition is being circulated praying the Assembly to pass legislation prohibiting the sale of cigarette and tobacco to minors. There is a difference of opinion as to the use of tobacco being injurious to the adult person; but all scientific evidence agrees that it is harmful to youth. It stunts their growth and dulls their intellect. The evil is so wide-spread that it cannot be effectively dealt with by the individual parent, therefore collective action is necessary if any practical steps are to be taken to prevent it.

While the passing of a law in accordance with the spirit of the petition would no doubt be a step in the right direction; still it does not hit the nail on the head. We believe that a practical curfew law should also be embodied in the petition, for then the law, if properly enforced, would be the means of removing the cause of the evil. Where does the boy learn to smoke? Is it not among the evil companions with whom he associates on the street corners? This fact can be applied to more than the cigarette habit. From the wayward boy to the young tough and the middle-aged convict is an easy and natural transition. The relaxation of home discipline is one of the most fruitful causes of social decay. It is easier to let a boy run on the street than it is to look after him at home. But from the moment the freedom of the street belongs to him he is plunged into associations that are more or less degrading. This is less true in small than in large cities, but it is the universal rule. And it is unapparently easy to predict the future of boys and girls who run at large after nightfall. There can be no possible excuse for a child of tender years to be abroad alone after nine o'clock. If he is, then everyone will know just what he will see, what he will hear, what forbidden attractions will slowly unfold their evil meaning to his unformed mind, what temptations will surely lure him to ruin. Out of the streets march the armies that fill our houses of detention and punishment. Up from the streets follow the ghastly band that steps under the shadow of the gallows. Learned in the lore of the streets are girls whose womanhood is quickly crushed out of them. The street of the modern city is the horrible Moloch to whom the children are sacrificed. If the state cannot enforce the actual discharge of parental duty, if it cannot make fathers and mothers to perform the obligations which they have taken on themselves, let it at least forbid them to leave their children to the education of the thoroughfare where profligacy and uncleanness and all kinds of vice jostle each other amidst the evening shadows.

Golden Rule: For the first time, we heard, a few weeks ago, in a church service, public prayer offered for editors of newspapers. Surely, if anybody needs the strength and guidance that comes through prayer, an editor does.

Mr. Magrath, M. L. A. for Lethbridge, has laid before the Executive a new scheme of North West development. The main proposition is that the Dominion Government should loan to the North-West Government a sum of, say \$2,000,000, to be expended by them in building bridges over dangerous rivers, assisting the erection of creameries and cheese factories, providing cold storage facilities, and assisting irrigation enterprises, etc., the money so advanced to be deducted in instalments from the subsidy to which the Territories will in the course of time become entitled.

The bicycle is not only interfering with the usefulness of the horse, but it is also depriving the railways of considerable travel. Quite a number of commercial travellers and agents who are not burdened with bulky samples now go their rounds on the bicycle. Throughout Manitoba and portions of the Territories, there is a great saving in time in using a bicycle. On some of the branch roads, where there are only two or three trains per week, it is very slow progress for travellers to wait for trains, and a great deal of driving by horse vehicle has to be done. Now the bicycle is largely used by those whose samples are not so bulky as to prevent them from using the wheel. Many travellers now make their rounds regularly on the wheel, carrying twenty to thirty or more pounds of baggage with them. The travellers will make 50 to 75 miles in a day and work several small towns en route, thus getting over the ground much faster than by train, even where they can get a daily train.

Caron.

Mrs. Sheldow and daughter, of Maple Creek, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hans.

The ranchers south and west of here have had quite an exciting time the last few days fighting prairie fires. A number of them lost their hay, and it is reported that Mrs. Murphy lost her buildings. The North West Mounted Police fire patrol arrived here last week and is on the lookout for other fires.

Mr. Geo. Murphy is in from the Dirt Mills, visiting Mr. W. H. Richards.

One of our townsmen started for a visit the fore part of this week, but before he returned he had changed horses. We presume it must have been the same party that was "looking through the mist and saying, "I wonder where the rascal is."

Master Wesley Candler spent Sunday under the parental roof.

Judging by the number of stacks looming up in the distance, there will be considerable threshing to do this fall.

Mrs. Candler and Mrs. Robinson spent a day in Moose Jaw last week.

There is a new thrasher expected in this week.

If the thick smoky weather continues much longer the sports will not be able to look the feathered tribe in the face.

A new way of helping your companion out of the cart now, boys—Break the belly band and come out backwards.

Some of the Parkbeg and Moose Jaw sports were looking after the grass in the vicinity of Pelican Lake last week.

OBSERVER.

BY RAIL, STONE LAKE, WAGNOR'S GUIDE

MUNICIPALITY OF THE TOWN OF MOOSE JAW.

List of Lands to be Sold for Taxes

LOT	BLOCK	TAXES	COSTS	TOTAL	LOT	BLOCK	TAXES	COSTS	TOTAL
7	1	4 94	65	5 59	29	92	12 12	65	12 77
8	3	8 66	65	9 31	30	92	5 13	65	5 78
9	3	8 66	65	9 31	33	92	3 85	65	4 50
5	10	9 66	65	10 31	34	92	3 85	65	4 50
6	10	9 68	65	10 33	36	92	4 28	65	4 93
7	10	9 66	65	10 31	14	93	6 00	65	6 65
8	10	9 68	65	10 33	15	93	21 01	65	21 66
9	10	9 67	65	10 32	17	93	14 90	65	15 55
10	10	9 68	65	10 33	N.85				
A	10	9 68	65	10 33	ft.31	93	1 70	65	2 35
20	26	11 41	65	12 06	19	94	2 00	65	2 65
6	27	19 82	65	20 47	40	95	21 34	65	21 99
8	27	3 42	65	4 07	3	109	4 27	65	4 92
9	27	3 42	65	4 07	4	109	3 10	65	3 75
A	27	3 42	65	4 07	17	109	10 04	65	10 69
10	27	3 42	65	4 07	18	109	4 00	65	4 65
11	27	3 42	65	4 07	19	109	5 53	65	6 18
12	27	14 57	65	15 22	20	109	6 70	65	7 35
12	29	16 01	65	16 66	21	109	10 96	65	11 61
12	34	34 30	65	34 95	22	109	9 37	65	10 02
8	45	3 50	65	4 15	26	109	3 00	65	3 65
16	45	2 40	65	3 05	27	109	3 00	65	3 65
B	45	2 40	65	3 05	1	110	7 12	65	7 77
18	45	2 40	65	3 05	2	110	5 70	65	6 35
8	46	22 80	65	23 45	15	110	11 53	65	12 18
2	61	2 40	65	3 05	23	110	52 63	65	53 28
3	61	2 40	65	3 05	40	110	10 53	65	11 18
4	61	2 40	65	3 05	35	111	8 73	65	9 38
A	61	2 40	65	3 05	18	112	3 00	65	3 65
5	61	2 40	65	3 05	21	112	7 83	65	8 48
1	62	1 80	65	2 45	22	112	6 40	65	7 05
W1	2 62	70	65	1 35	33	112	4 00	65	4 65
E1	2 62	3 94	65	4 59	34	112	4 00	65	4 65
W1	3 62	70	65	1 35	1	113	6 00	65	6 65
4	62	1 60	65	2 25	2	113	4 00	65	4 65
6	62	1 40	65	2 05	15	113	20 00	65	20 65
7	62	1 40	65	2 05	13	114	8 55	65	9 20
8	62	1 40	65	2 05	14	114	8 55	65	9 20
9	62	1 40	65	2 05	15	114	8 55	65	9 20
10	62	2 00	65	2 65	16	114	4 28	65	4 93
14	62	1 80	65	2 45	17	114	6 25	65	6 90
15	62	1 80	65	2 45	4	121	5 70	65	6 35
16	62	1 80	65	2 45	5	121	5 70	65	6 35
17	62	1 80	65	2 45	6	121	5 70	65	6 35
18	62	1 80	65	2 45	7	121	5 70	65	6 35
19	62	1 80	65	2 45	9	121	4 00	65	4 65
20	62	2 20	65	2 85	17	121	10 65	65	11 30
1	63	1 60	65	2 25	24	122	10 43	65	11 08
E1	2 63	70	65	1 35	25	122	10 43	65	11 08
4	63	1 40	65	2 05	6	123	32 90	65	33 55
5	63	1 40	65	2 05	16	123	9 10	65	9 75
6	63	1 40	65	2 05	18	123	18 95	65	19 60
7	63	1 40	65	2 05	31	123	5 70	65	6 35
8	63	1 40	65	2 05	32	123	5 70	65	6 35
9	63	1 40	65	2 05	33	123	5 70	65	6 35
10	63	1 80	65	2 45	34	123	5 70	65	6 35
13	63	1 50	65	2 15	18	124	16 00	65	16 65
14	63	1 50	65	2 15	26	124	5 70	65	6 35
15	63	1 50	65	2 15	27	124	5 70	65	6 35
16	63	1 50	65	2 15	28	124	5 70	65	6 35
17	63	1 50	65	2 15	29	124	5 70	65	6 35
W1	1863	80	65	1 45	30	124	7 43	65	8 08
4	78	2 00	65	2 65	34	124	14 30	65	14 95
5	78	2 00	65	2 65	38	124	9 10	65	9 75
6	78	2 00	65	2 65	3	125	2 70	65	3 35
7	78	2 00	65	2 65	4	125	2 70	65	3 35
16	78	6 00	65	6 65	5	125	2 70	65	3 35
17	78	5 00	65	5 65	6	125	2 70	65	3 35
18	78	8 83	65	9 48	21	125	4 28	65	4 93
8	79	56 68	65	57 33	22	125	3 67	65	4 32
10	90	5 00	65	5 65	23	125	2 68	65	4 33
17	91	7 68	65	8 33	24	125	3 67	65	4 32
6	92	13 40	65	14 05	25	125	3 68	65	4 33
12	92	5 50	65	6 15	26	125	3 67	65	4 32
26	92	5 13	65	5 78	Nor. Ele.				
27	92	5 12	65	5 77	Co's				
28	92	5 13	65	5 78	W'house	16 00	65	16 65	

Notice is hereby given that if the above mentioned arrears of taxes and costs on the above lands are not sooner paid, the same will be offered for sale at the Town Hall, in the town of Moose Jaw, on Tuesday, the fifteenth day of December, A. D., 1896, at 10 o'clock a.m.

Dated at Moose Jaw, in the district of Assinibois, North-West Territories of Canada, this twenty-second day of September, A.D., one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

H. McDOUGALL,

Treasurer town of Moose Jaw.

Granby Rubbers

Modelled each year to fit all the latest shoe shapes. Extra thick ball and heel.

Honestly made of pure Rubber. Thin, Light, Elastic, Stylish, Durable.

Sold everywhere. They Wear like Iron.

Hotel Clerk (suspiciously)—Your bundle has come apart. May I ask what that queer thing is?

Guest—This is a new patent fire escape. I always carry it, so in case of fire I can let myself down from the hotel window. See?

Clerk (thoughtfully)—I see. Our terms for guests with fire escapes, sir, are invariably cash in advance.

We Struck

AT ON TOILET SOAPS when we adopted new ideas in buying from the makers for cash in large quantities.

You

GET THE BENEFIT. See what 25 cents will buy:—6 cakes Castile soap, 10 cakes Old Brown Windsor, 8 cakes genuine Old Brown Windsor, 3 cakes tar soap, 3 cakes Kremo, 3 cakes Heliotropes, 3 cakes oatmeal, 10 cakes Pansy Blossom, 2 cakes Buttermilk and Cucumber, ONE PINT CONCENTRATED VINEGAR. The same methods have been adopted in buying sponges. See the new stock direct from importers.

W. W. BOLE.

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1896.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Farmers! Don't forget the fair next Wednesday.

The man who buys and tries to escape payment, is usually a thief at large.

Mr. Nicolle, of the Valley, lost about \$500 worth of hay by a prairie fire one day last week.

Mr. J. J. Young, editor of the Calgary Herald, was a passenger on Sunday's No. 2, en route to Regina.

The genuine Tonka smoking mixture is delightfully cool and fragrant. Try a 10 cent package or 1/4 pound tin.

Rev. Jos. Robinson will take charge of the morning and evening services in the Methodist church next Sunday.

Mr. D. Robb, who has had charge of the creamery station at Indian Head, has returned to town, the station having closed for the season.

To-morrow has been appointed by Mr. Justice Richardson for the hearing of the application by the petitioner to fix the time and place of trial of the protest.

The Rev. Malcolm H. Winter, from Edmonton, will be the special preacher at the Harvest Thanksgiving service at De la Hay's, Buffalo Lake, on Sunday, 18th inst, at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Sidney H. Jones, of the C.P.R. land office, Winnipeg, returned home on Sunday evening's train, after several days spent with his cousin, Mr. Sam. McCague, of Buffalo Lake.

The many friends of Mr. Norman McLeod, who was severely injured by falling off his train about two months ago, will be pleased to learn that he is able to be around again, although he is not very weak.

Thousands, yes, millions, of weak women are being cured daily by using Dr. Allen's "Pearly Pills," for women and their weakness. For sale by your druggist or send \$1.00 for two boxes to the Allison Med. Co., Brockville, Ont.

Van Horne's special arrived about six o'clock Tuesday night and remained over at this place until Wednesday forenoon, when it proceeded on its way west. The President was joined at Winnipeg by Gen. Supt. Whyte and Master-Mechanic Cross.

PHOTOGRAPHY! Wm. A. Martal & Son, photographers, have arrived in town and are now prepared to take photos in their tent studio, on Main street. They are giving a dozen cabinet photos together with one large platinum photo, 11 x 14, in a handsome frame, for \$5.00.—Adv't.

On Wednesday, a "scab" operator, employed in the C.P.R. office at Griswold, robbed the Company of \$3,000 which had been entrusted to the Dominion Express Company for delivery. So far the thief has not been captured, and it is likely he has made his escape across the boundary.

Messrs. Pope Baderstone and Robt. Sinton, cattle dealers, of Regina, were in town several days this week, making arrangements for the shipping of half a dozen car loads of cattle, which they had purchased throughout the district. This is the second lot shipped by these gentlemen this season.

An English paper reports the discovery of a real Mrs. Malaprop. She walked into the office of the judge of probate and inquired, "Are you the judge of reprobates?" "I am the Judge of Probate," was the reply. "Well, that's it, I expect," quoth the lady. "You see, my husband died indebted and left me several little infidels, and I want to be appointed their executor."

Good progress is being made with the building of the C.P.R. dau.

Geo. Du Maurier, author of "Tribby," died of heart disease on Thursday last. What took another jump this week and is now selling at 58 cents. "Keep a-shooting."

Gentlemen of refined taste chew the famous Beaver plug exclusively. Refuse cheap imitations.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cameron entertained a number of young people at the manse, on Tuesday evening last.

Revs. Messrs. Wootten and Taylor, took an overland trip to Regina on Tuesday. Mr. Wootten is expected back to-morrow.

The disagreeable weather of the past few weeks has been succeeded by a few sunshiny days, which, it is hoped, will continue for some time.

The pulpit in the Methodist church last Sunday was occupied in the morning by Mr. Martin and in the evening by Rev. Mr. Taylor, of Wascana.

Mr. F. Steele, of Steele & Co., photographer, Winnipeg, passed through here this week, en route to Winnipeg, from a business trip to the Kootenay district.

Mr. B. F. Townsend, of Toronto, spent Friday last in town on his return from the Kootenay. In company with Mr. J. T. Simpson he had a "bang" at the game and succeeded in bagging a dozen or so.

Dr. Rothwell, of Regina, who was in charge of Dr. Turnbull's practice for the last two months, returned home on Monday. Dr. Turnbull is again on duty, much recuperated by his extended holiday.

Mr. T. C. Johnston, of Regina, the newly appointed Crown prosecutor for Western Assiniboia, was in town for a few days this week, attending the fall sitting of the Supreme Court, which took place on Tuesday.

Saskatchewan Liberals will meet in convention at Prince Albert on the 20th to select a candidate to represent them in the coming contest in that district. T. O. Davis and W. H. Newlands are the two aspirants for the nomination.

Senator Kirchhoff, of Brandon, and Capt. Wilberforce, Aide de Camp to the Governor General, arrived in town on Monday, and proceeded to the Lake on a goose shooting trip, they returned Wednesday morning having bagged one hundred geese.

The parlor social held at the residence of Mrs. Geo. Hyps, last Friday evening was a success both financially and otherwise. A large number attended and a pleasant time was spent. The church funds were enhanced by the proceeds to the amount of about \$20.

Lord Roseberry has resigned the leadership of the Liberal party in Great Britain. The cause of his resignation is attributed to the difference of opinion arising between him and Mr. Gladstone on the Armenian question. It is reported that the "Grand Old Man" will be asked to again assume the leadership.

Arrangements have been made for the levelling of the Hockey and Skating rink, and next winter the ice will be even and not higher at one end of the rink than at the other, as was the case last winter. The building will not be enlarged this winter, but no pains will be spared to accommodate those who patronize it.

At Regina on Friday last Judge Richardson sentenced Herbert Schmitzer, to two years imprisonment in the Regina jail for theft. The evidence went to show that he had been practicing wholesale stealing for a number of years, and among the articles which he appropriated, were a buck board, a lumber wagon, a saddle and new set of harness, a shot gun and Winchester rifle, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Mr. F. W. Green, Superintendent of the Boharm Sunday School, recently offered a couple of prizes to the children of the school for the best essay on "The Life of David." About eight or ten papers were written, all of them being very creditable. Master Bennie Thomson captured the first prize and Alfred Green the second. This is a practical way of promoting Bible study among the children, and might well be taken up by some of the larger Sunday Schools.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 Years the Standard.

Mr. C. D. J. Christie, left for the Kootenay on Wednesday morning.

Since the strike ended traffic has become very brisk on the C.P.R. and the employees will now make up for lost time.

An unruly negro convict in the Kingston penitentiary was shot dead while attempting to stab one of the guards with a pair of shears.

Miss Stella McCracken, who has been visiting her numerous Moose Jaw friends for several months, returned to her home at Broadview on Monday of this week.

We are requested to say that the town scales have been completed and are now ready for use. On Tuesday they were tested and give entire satisfaction, both as to capacity and correctness in weighing.

At Victoria, B.C., on Wednesday, Oct. 7th, Mr. Adam Hobkirk, C.P.R. fireman at this place, was married to Miss Lizzie McCarter, who formerly resided here. The ceremony was performed by the late pastor of the Presbyterian church, Rev. W. L. Clay.

The annual Harvest Thanksgiving Service will be held at St. John's Baptist church, Moose Jaw commencing on Saturday, 17th inst, with Evening song at 7:30. Sunday services: Matins, 10:30; Holy Eucharist, 11; sermon by Rev. Malcolm H. Winter; special afternoon service, 3 o'clock; Evening song and sermon by the Vicar, 7 o'clock; anthem, "O Lord How manifold are Thy Works" Organist, J. W. Robin.

Hon. and Most Rev. Edward White Benson, Archbishop of Canterbury and Primate of all England, was stricken with apoplexy, or heart disease, during divine service in Hawarden church, on Sunday morning, and died almost immediately. The Archbishop was in his 67th year, and was appointed to the position by the Crown, in 1882, on the recommendation of Mr. Gladstone, with whom he was visiting at the time of his death.

The Governor-General's special passed through here at an early hour last Monday morning. Their Excellencies laid over at Regina all day Sunday and received a large number of the foremost citizens of the Capital. In the morning they attended St. Paul's church and were afterwards driven to the Government House for luncheon, and at four o'clock in the afternoon Lady Aberdeen received the Women's Council in one of the drawing rooms.

Mr. Geo. Goodrich, of Stony Beach, met with a bad accident one day last week. George was out shooting when something went wrong with the gun that it would not "go off." He attempted to fix it with the ramrod and of course it "went off" at both ends and George got a portion of the contents in his hand and face, with the result that he is now under the doctors' care. The accident might have been worse, but happily it did not prove fatal.

A Mailed Murder.
An Indian on the Blood reserve near Macleod shot another Indian dead, and seriously injured farm instructor McNeill, who attempted to prevent the murder.

Later reports state that there is apparently no connection between the two crimes, as the body of the murdered Indian was found ten miles from the scene of the attempted murder of McNeill, who was shot through the window, while sitting in his house. So far no arrests have been made.

Currier's Meeting.
There was a large attendance of members at the annual meeting of the Moose Jaw Curling Club, which was held in the rink on Saturday evening last. Reports from the various officers were submitted and showed the standing of the club to be very satisfactory. Those who are fond of the game and intend curling this winter had better exert themselves a little and enroll, as it was decided that no members would be enrolled after November 1st, and it was also decided that the yearly members should be limited to thirty. The members' fee was placed at \$10. After other general routine business was transacted, the election of officers for the ensuing year was proceeded with and resulted as follows:—Patron, Jas. H. Ross, M. L. A.; Honorary Member, Hon. Lieut. Governor Mackintosh, N. F. Davis, M. P., and Jas. H. Ross, M. L. A.; President, C. W. Milestone; Sec'y-Treas., C. A. Gies; Chaplain, Dr. Turnbull; Auditor, Octavius F. Laidlaw; and W. A. Vismore; Executive members, J. G. Garton and R. H. W. Holt; Managing Committee, Hugh Ferguson, Jno. Bunnell, Jno. Waddell, J. S. Macdonald and J. T. Simpson.

Supreme Court.

The regular fall sittings of the Supreme Court of the North-West Territories opened at the Court House, on Tuesday morning. His Lordship Mr. Justice Richardson presiding. Deputy Clerk Seymour Green and Deputy Sheriff Benj. Fletcher were in attendance. No important cases came up for trial. The following is a list of minor disputes which came before His Lordship for judgment:

Wm. Grayson vs. G. H. Bennette. Action for solicitor's account. Judgment for plaintiff. John Schram vs. W. J. Nelson.—Judgment for plaintiff.

Mc. Doyle vs. H. Howes.—Action to decide the ownership of a calf. Judgment for defendant.

R. Board vs. F. Garbhan.—Action to recover an alleged balance of account. Judgment for defendant.

J. M. Stimpson vs. J. Schram.—An action for an account amounting to \$13.53. Defendant disputed \$11.00. Judgment was given for plaintiff. W. Walsh and J. M. Stimpson were withdrawn, as was also the case between T. D. Buchanan and R. O. Miller. Fell vs. Wilkinson was adjourned to Chambers, and McLean vs. Nalmsith et al was settled out of court.

M. J. MacLEOD

Now for Plumbs

Our Big Fall Sale - COMMENCES -

And as our large stock of new goods cannot be excelled in quality, style or variety, we mean this season to make it interesting and profitable to all our purchasers. We are only sorry space will not permit this time to quote you our low prices. In our

Ready-Made Clothing Department

You can have your selection from 1250 men's suits, sizes 36 to 40 500 boys' suits, sizes 31 to 35 450 3-piece suits, sizes 28 to 32 400 2-piece suits, sizes 22 to 28

Also 1000 pairs men's, boys' and children's odd pants, assorted patterns, all sizes. We have also a very large stock in men's, boys' and children's heavy overcoats and peajackets. We would ask special inspection given the magnificent range we are showing in underwear and boys' shirts. Extra value in men's fine all wool heavy ribbed underwear at \$1.25 a shirt. Men's top shirts at 50 cents. In gloves and mitts we are offering excellent values, starting at 25 cts a pair, a very good line at 50 cts. and 75 cts. a pair, pure buckskin at \$1.25 a pair—usually sold at \$2.00. Always a pleasure to show goods.

M. J. MacLEOD.

MOOSE JAW MARKETS.

Wheat, No. 1	\$ 58
" No. 2	55
" No. 3	52
Oats	15
Potatoes (new)	25
Apples (green) per lb.	4
Onions, per lb.	3
Onions, per bushel	1 50
Cheese, per lb.	10
Bacon, "	11
Lard, "	12 1/2
Butter, "	15
Eggs, per doz	20

A Car of Apples

Will be in About

THE 15TH OF THIS MONTH.

Call and leave your orders and have them delivered from car.

The balance of our stock of furniture will be sold at greatly reduced prices.

J. BELLAMY

COAL

I wish to inform the public that I have received the agency for the celebrated

Canadian Anthracite Coal

And am now prepared to deliver to any part of the town, furnace, stove or nut coal.

Orders left at J. H. Grayson's office. All orders must be accompanied by cash.

B. Beard, Builder & Contractor.

WAGNOR'S GUIDE TO THE CITY OF MOOSE JAW 50c

LUMBER

I am now unloading cars and prepared, with a full stock of lumber and building material to meet the requirements of the town and district.

Owing to the restricted credit of the past year being more disappointing than the "indiscriminate distribution" of former years, there will be no further

- CREDIT -

All accounts are now closed.

Prices will be kept low as possible and every effort made to serve the public.

H. McDUGALL.

July 30th, 1896.

Every .. Branch

Of high-class tailoring is comprised in our establishment, and each department receives uniform and careful attention.

Business Suits, \$18, \$20, \$22 and \$24.

Genuine Imported Scotch Suits, from \$25 to \$28.

Worsteds Suits from \$24-50 to \$35.00.

We have a beautiful range of clean new stock. All we ask is your inspection; come in and see them at THE FASHIONABLE TAILORS.

W. N. MITCHELL.

BIG BARGAINS

W. R. CAMPBELL'S.

We are selling the entire stock at cost. Don't fail to call and see the large stock yet on hand for you to pick from. All good new stock; just look at these goods:—

Heavy flannel, 32 inch wide, 11 cents, now going at 8 1/2 cents; good flannel, 7 cents, now going at 6 cents; also a good line of towels from 18 cents to 40 cents per pair; a special full line of men's duck for pants from 14 cents upward; a special line of singhams from 14 cents; good heavy winter quilts for double bed, \$1.40; thick heavy white honey-combed quilts 90 cents; special line of creton, 13 cents; dress plaids, 7 cents and upwards; men's underwear 25 cents per piece, men's linen collars, 9 cents; men's celluloid collars 12 cents; black cashmere, double width, 21 cents per yard; marble table cloth, 25 cents per yard; ladies' fine boots, \$1.15, \$1.05, \$1.25, \$1.65, and \$1.40; children's fine boots, 90 cents; spring heel 90 cents, low shoe 70 cents; men's heavy boots, one piece, \$1.48, \$1.38 and \$1.25; men's fine gaiter boots \$1.65, lace, \$1.65 and \$1.80. Special cheap line in shovels, spades, hose, garden rakes, forks of all kinds, granite and tinware, paints and oils, stoves, etc., Perfumes, etc. All kinds of groceries going at good prices. \$1.48, \$1.38 and \$1.25; men's fine gaiter boots \$1.65, lace, \$1.65 and \$1.80. Special cheap line in shovels, spades, hose, garden rakes, forks of all kinds, granite and tinware, paints and oils, stoves, etc., Perfumes, etc. All kinds of groceries going at good prices. \$1.48, \$1.38 and \$1.25; men's fine gaiter boots \$1.65, lace, \$1.65 and \$1.80. Special cheap line in shovels, spades, hose, garden rakes, forks of all kinds, granite and tinware, paints and oils, stoves, etc., Perfumes, etc. All kinds of groceries going at good prices. \$1.48, \$1.38 and \$1.25; men's fine gaiter boots \$1.65, lace, \$1.65 and \$1.80. 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